## **PLATO Functional Safety**



## Functional Safety (ISO 26262) and FMEDA

Manufacturers of complex products with electrical, electronic, and programmable components must guarantee that failures and malfunctions are controlled safely.

The ISO 26262 and IEC 61508 standards describe the requirements on functional safety. They include the performance of a hazard analysis with risk assessment and verification with quantitative calculations via FMEDA.

PLATO supplies a certified solution that is integrated into the system analysis and makes individually customizable forms and calculations possible.





Fig.: System analysis and functional safety use and expand the corporate knowledge

## Your Benefit

<ul> <li>Individual Analyses</li> </ul>	Tailor-made analyses promote acceptance among users
Calculations	Models for calculating error metrics
Flexible form layouts	Columns and contents are customized specifically for the company
Web application	Working in the browser simplifies distributed team work and software availability
Use a database	Corporate knowledge is used and expanded
Saves time	Effort and maintenance of data are minimized for the user
Catalogs	Use of catalogs for component data
<ul> <li>Integration of company data</li> </ul>	Data from SAP <sup>®</sup> , MES, PLM, etc., can be used

## Individual Application

e1ns.methods contains standard forms and calculation methods for hazard analysis and FMEDA. They form the basis for company-specific forms that are developed within the framework of a form configuration. Additional forms for variants of a method or variants of the calculation methods can be added.

A form configuration contains :

- Specification of the form
- Implementation of the form (approx. 1-2 days depending on the scope of functions)
- Installation of the form remote / optional (0.5 days)

# **PLATO Functional Safety**



Functional Safety (ISO 26262) and FMEDA

## Hazard Analysis with Risk Assessment

#### **Execution:**

- Identification of potential hazards of the system
- (Driving) situation analysis
- Evaluation of severity (S), frequency of situation (E), controllability of malfunction (C). •
- Classification of the safety level (ASIL / SIL)
- Definition of safety objectives

Advanced Driver Assis	tance Systems (ADAS)											- 1				
Modified by	ed by plato				Modified	Modified at Mil				107/18/12 14:04						
Kommentar					Proje		IS Europe, U	r a failed or early object recognil ISA, Asia	on.			1				
										\$1		E1 E2 E3		C1 QM QM QM	C2 QM QM QM	C3 QM QM A
Hazardous Event	Operational situation	E	Consequences of hazardous events	S	Controllability	с	ASIL ASI	IL Safety Goal				E4 E1		QM QM	A QM	B QM
Unintended braking process	Driving parking lot	E4 ▼	Driver gets frightened and makes steering movement /latent risk of accidents	S3 •	Stop at roadway edge	C3 🔻	DD	Certainly excluded unintende	d braking	52		E2 E3		QM QM	QM A	A
	Driving city traffic	E4 ▼	Driver gets frightened and makes steering movement / increased risk of accidents	82 🔻	No control	C3 •	ç			S3		E4 E1		A QM	B	C A
	Driving highway	E4 💌		S3 •		C3	D					E2 E3 E4		QM A B	A B C	B C D

Fig.: Hazard analysis and risk graph for ASIL classification

## Safety and Diagnostic Concept

- Describe safety concept and execute ASIL decomposition
- Define diagnostic concept

## **FMEDA**

FMEDA = Failure Modes, Effects and Diagnostics Analysis

- Determination of the quantitative parameters •
- Calculation of failure rates with individual procedures and models .
- Value catalogs for components offer convenient preparation .
- Safety function, diagnostic mechanism and component faults are linked via the methods and provide • the basis for standard-compliant calculation and traceability

System Element T	Component Type <b>T</b>	FIT T	Safety Related Component	Function	Failure Type	ra	ailure ate istribution	Failure mode that has the potential to violate the safety goal in absence of Safety Mechanisms?	Safety mechanism(s) allowing to prevent the failure mode from violating the safety goal	Failure mode coverage wrt.Violation of safety goal <b>T</b>	Residual or Single Point Fault failure rate / FIT
R-21	R 🔻	2	SR 🔻	R-21	open		90.0 %	V		99.0 %	0.018
					closed		10.0 %	1	SM2	99.0 %	0.002
И	1 -	4	SR 🔻	I-1	closed		20.0 %	1	SM2	99.0 %	0.008
					open		70.0 %		SM2	99.0 %	
					drift 2		5.0 %	V		0.0 %	0.2
					drift 0,5		5.0 %	V	SM2	99.0 %	0.002
T-61	TT	5	SR 🔻	T-61	short circuit		10.0 %	1	SM3	90.0 %	0.05
					open circuit		90.0 %			0.0 %	-
Total failure rate Total Safety Related Total Not Safety Rela	11 11 ted 0		[1 Single Point Fa	0.28 ults Metric 97.5%	∑2 Latent Faults Metric	1	D 100%				

Fig.: Excerpt from the FMEDA form